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LAUNCESTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

ACKD. BY

[Signature]

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year 1962

Health Area Office,
Launceston,
Cornwall.

WILLIAM PATERSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

1952

1952

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

1952

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

LAUNCESTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Members of the Public Health, Housing and Sewerage Committee :

Cllr. W.P.Sandercock - Chairman

Cllr. Dr.J.Berryman
" F.Broad
" E.C.Chudleigh
" E.Cowling
" G.Fishleigh
" H.E.Foote
" R.T.Kneebone

Cllr. F.C.Neale
" L.L.Pooley
" F.Sandercock
" A.L.Stephens
" J.N.Stephens
" W.J.Uglow

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Public Health Officers of the Local Authority

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

W.PATERSON, M.B., Ch.B.,D.P.H.

Also holds appointments of :

Medical Officer of Health : Launceston Borough Council
 Bude/Stratton Urban District Council
 Stratton Rural District Council
 Camelford Rural District Council

Assistant County Medical Officer, Area No. 6 Cornwall County Council

School Medical Officer - Cornwall County Council

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR :

T.A.JUDD

MEAT INSPECTOR :

E.E.ROUGHTON

Section 1: General Information

Project Name: [Project Name]

Date: [Date]

Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Total
Item 1	10	1.50	15.00
Item 2	5	2.00	10.00
Item 3	3	3.00	9.00
Item 4	2	4.00	8.00
Item 5	1	5.00	5.00

Section 2: Detailed Description

Item 1: [Description]

Item 2: [Description]

Item 3: [Description]

Notes: [Notes]

Signature: [Signature]

Date: [Date]

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SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres)	73,187
Population	5980
No. of separate dwellings occupied	2105
Rateable Value 1962	£34175
Product of ld. rate	£132.14.9.372d.

<u>Live Births</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000 estimated population</u>
--------------------	--------------	-------------	---------------	--

Legitimate	71	37	34	12.54
Illegitimate	4	2	2	

<u>Stillbirths</u>	2	-	2	26 per 1,000 total births
--------------------	---	---	---	---------------------------

<u>Deaths</u> (all causes)	72	35	37	12.04
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Deaths from Puerperal Causes:

Puerperal and post-abortive	}	N I L
sepsis		
Other Puerperal Causes		

Infant Mortality (Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births)

4	1	3	53
---	---	---	----

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	4	11	15
Measles (all ages)		N I L	
Whooping Cough (all ages)		N I L	
Diarrhoea (under 2)		N I L	

STATE OF NEW YORK

IN SENATE,
January 10, 1901.

REPORT OF THE
COMMISSIONERS OF THE
LAND OFFICE,
IN RESPONSE TO A RESOLUTION
PASSED BY THE SENATE
MAY 15, 1899.

LANDS BELONGING TO THE STATE.	ACRES.	VALUATION.	RENTS.	REVENUE.
Unconveyed lands.	1,234,567	\$1,234,567	\$1,234,567	\$1,234,567
Conveyed lands.	1,234,567	\$1,234,567	\$1,234,567	\$1,234,567
Total.	2,469,134	\$2,469,134	\$2,469,134	\$2,469,134

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Total.	2,469,134	\$2,469,134	\$2,469,134	\$2,469,134

Health Area Office,
Launceston.

To: The Chairman and Councillors of the
Launceston Rural District.

Mr. Chairman, Miss Lethbridge and Gentlemen:

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the
Medical Officer of Health for the year 1962.

Births were 25 fewer than in 1961, and the number of
deaths was decreased by six. The favourable balance of births over
deaths was maintained. Heart disease, cancer and vascular lesions
of the nervous system, in that order, were at the head of the list of
causes of death. Four infant deaths and two stillbirths were
recorded. The estimated mid-year population showed a further slight
decline.

The incidence of infectious disease was low. The Rural
District shared to some extent in the rush for vaccination against
smallpox following outbreaks of the disease elsewhere in the country,
but no cases of smallpox occurred. There were no cases of diphtheria
and none of poliomyelitis. The use of the oral vaccine against the
latter disease was introduced during the year.

In the sanitary circumstances of the district, the housing
scheme for Venterdon was approved and tenders accepted. This is
linked with slum clearance action for Venterdon and Holmbush. Progress
continued also with schemes of sewerage and sewage disposal, and the East
Cornwall Water Board carried out some improvements to the water supplies
of the district. Your Meat Inspector, in his first full year of working,
managed to inspect the bulk of the meat killed in the district, but again
only by dint of much overtime working in the evenings and at week-ends.

I wish to record my thanks to Mr. T.A.Judd, the Council's
Public Health Inspector, for his valuable co-operation in all aspects of
our work together and in the preparation of this report. To Mr.G.L.Davey,
the Clerk of the Council, Mr.F.R.Thorne, the Council's surveyor, and the
Council's other officers, I am indebted for much willing help. I am
grateful to the General Medical Practitioners for their co-operation.

The interest of the Council and, in particular, of the Chairman
and members of the Public Health Committee is once more gratefully
acknowledged.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM PATERSON

Medical Officer of Health

Medical Officer of Health

100, The Strand, London, W.C.2

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst.

in relation to the proposed alteration of the bye-laws of the Corporation of London, and in reply to inform you that the same have been forwarded to the Committee of the Council of the Corporation, who are now considering the same.

The Committee of the Council of the Corporation are now considering the proposed alteration of the bye-laws of the Corporation of London, and in reply to inform you that the same have been forwarded to the Committee of the Council of the Corporation, who are now considering the same.

In the meantime, I have the honor to inform you that the proposed alteration of the bye-laws of the Corporation of London, and in reply to inform you that the same have been forwarded to the Committee of the Council of the Corporation, who are now considering the same.

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I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

W. H. H. H.

W. H. H. H.

W. H. H. H.

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Area (in acres) 73,187. The district is essentially agricultural, the only industry not connected with agriculture - mining - being no longer in active operation.

Population - The Registrar General has estimated the population for the mid-year 1962 to be 5,980, a decrease of 10 in the population for the previous year. The "natural increase" in the population is the excess of births over deaths. In 1962 there were 3 more births than deaths.

Deaths - The total number of deaths assigned to the district for the year was 72 compared with 78 in 1961. The crude death rate based on the mid-year population was 12.04 compared with 13.02 in the previous year. The following table has been compiled for comparison with previous years :

<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Recorded Rate</u>
1958	78	36	42	12.16
1959	72	37	35	11.20
1960	75	50	25	11.68
1961	78	36	42	13.02
1962	72	35	37	12.04

In order to compare the mortality in the district with the mortality for England and Wales, it is necessary to make a correction to allow for the difference in age and sex distribution of the two populations. This is done by applying to the crude death rate of the District an "Area Comparability Factor" which has been estimated by the Registrar General as 0.88 for the District.

The Standardised Death Rate, therefore, is 10.59 which may be compared with that of 11.9 (provisional) for England and Wales.

Births - The number of live births assigned to this District was 75 compared with 100 in 1961. The rate per thousand of the population was 12.54. When the Registrar General's area Comparability Factor for births (1.12) is applied to this figure, the Standardised Birth Rate of 14.04 for this District compared with 18.0 (provisional) for England and Wales.

Stillbirths - The number of stillbirths during 1962 was 2.

Illegitimate Births - There were four illegitimate births assigned to the District during the year. Shown as a proportion of the total number of live births, this represents 5.3 per cent.

Maternal Mortality - There was no death connected with childbirth during the year.

Infant Mortality - There were four deaths-of infants in the first year of life

<u>Sex</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
F	5 months	Acute enteritis
F	5 hours	Gross Prematurity
F	2 days	Meningocele Myelocele and internal hydrocephalus
M	5 hours	Hyaline membrane disease

NOTE: VITAL STATISTICS

It is important that too much weight should not be attached to small variations in these rates from one year to the other, particularly where relatively small populations are involved - attention should rather be paid to the trend of these rates over a period of years.

MORTALITY TABLE

Classified in accordance with 36 headings based on the Abbreviated List of the International Statistical Classifications of Disease, Injuries and Causes of Death, 1955.

<u>Cause of Death</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infection	-	-	-
7. Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-
8. Measles	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	-	-
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	1	2
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	2	-	2
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	3	3
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	2	2
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	1	5	6
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	-	-
16. Diabetes	-	-	-
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system	7	5	12
18. Coronary disease, angina	9	5	14
19. Hypertension with heart disease	-	-	-
20. Other heart disease	4	3	7
21. Other circulatory diseases	1	4	5
22. Influenza	1	-	1
23. Pneumonia	-	-	-
24. Bronchitis	2	-	2
25. Other diseases of respiratory system	-	-	-
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	-	-
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis	-	1	1
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	1	-	1
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations	2	3	5
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases	2	5	7
33. Motor vehicle accidents	-	-	-
34. All other accidents	2	-	2
35. Suicide	-	-	-
36. Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-
	35	37	72

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

General Medical Services

General medical services under Part IV of the National Health Service Act, 1946, are provided by medical practitioners resident in the district and in adjoining districts, all of whom undertake maternity medical services.

County Council Services

- I Health Department. The County Council is the local health authority for the purposes of Part III of the National Health Service Act, 1946, and provides the following services in the district :-
 - (a) Midwifery and Home Nursing. Nurse-midwives are provided to attend general nursing and midwifery cases in the home.
 - (b) Health Visiting. The nurse midwives act also as health visitors and, with special training in the care of the mother and young child, are available to give advice on health matters in the home or at the clinic. They act also as school nurses.
 - (c) Child Welfare Centre. A Child Welfare Clinic is held at the Health Clinic, Launceston, three times each month.
 - (d) Dental Clinic. Priority dental treatment for expectant and nursing mothers and pre-school children is available at the Dental Clinic at the Health Clinic, Launceston.
 - (e) Vaccination and Immunisation. Facilities for vaccination against smallpox and immunisation against diphtheria and whooping cough are provided at the Child Welfare Clinic or by the supply of materials to the family doctor. Regular sessions are held for poliomyelitis vaccination.
 - (f) Home Help Service. Home helps are employed to provide domestic help for households in certain circumstances, a charge being made for this service according to the means of the person concerned.
 - (g) Ambulance Service. A service of ambulances for the conveyance of sick, accident and emergency cases is provided. For sitting cases, utilising sitting case vehicles are used. When appropriate, some such cases are carried by the Hospital Car Service, a voluntary organisation. Day-to-day administration of the service is carried out from the Ambulance Control, Bodmin.

(h) Prevention of Illness, Care and After-care. A full-time tuberculosis health visitor is provided for the care and after-care of tuberculous persons. District nurses are available to assist in the treatment of such persons when required by the Chest Physician or family doctor. Certain special investigations are carried out in other types of illness by district health visitors, while health education is carried out by the County's Medical and Nursing staff.

(i) Mental Health. The County Council has certain responsibilities in connection with the ascertainment of mental ill-health and mental deficiency, with the provision of statutory supervision, etc. for mental defectives living in the community, and with the provision of after-care following treatment for mental illness. The Mental Welfare Officer for the district works from the Health Area Office, Launceston.

II Education Department. As local education authority, the County Council is responsible for the School Health Service, which provides the following :-

Periodic Medical Inspection of pupils
Cleanliness Surveys of pupils
Dental Inspection and treatment of pupils
Ascertainment of handicapped pupils in need of special education
Treatment Clinic, Health Clinic, Launceston :-
Speech Therapy, by appointment
Dental Clinic, by appointment

Child Guidance, by arrangement at Launceston Child Guidance Clinic

III Welfare Department. This service is concerned with the welfare of the aged, and with that of various categories of handicapped persons. It is concerned also with the provision of temporary accommodation in certain circumstances for persons in urgent need thereof. The Welfare Officer for the district works from the Health Area Office, Launceston.

Hospital Services. The South Western Regional Hospital Board is the hospital authority for the area. Launceston Hospital provides in-patient and out-patient facilities in the district. Patients are referred also to hospitals in Plymouth and elsewhere. Cases of infectious disease are admitted to the Scott Isolation Hospital, Plymouth, and tuberculosis patients to Didworthy or Tehidy Sanatoria. Mental hospital accommodation is provided by St. Lawrence's Hospital and Laninval House, Bodmin, and Moorfields Hospital, Ivybridge, Devon.

An Orthopaedic Clinic is held weekly at the Health Clinic, Launceston, and a Physiotherapy Clinic at Tavistock Hospital. The Chest Clinic is held at Launceston Hospital.

An Ophthalmic Clinic for school and pre-school children is held periodically at the Launceston Health Clinic. A Specialist Ante-Natal clinic is held at the Launceston Health Clinic each week.

Laboratory Facilities. These are provided by the Public Health Laboratories at Plymouth and Truro to which specimens for bacteriological examination are submitted.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT

WATER SUPPLIES

The East Cornwall Water Board is the statutory water authority for most of the Rural District.

With regard to the parish of Boyton, the negotiations with the North Devon Water Board appear to be reaching some finality, and it is hoped that, if the necessary Parliamentary formalities have been completed, work should start in the 1963/64 period.

WATER SAMPLES

Public Supplies

185 samples of water were taken, for bacteriological analysis, from public supplies in the district, the majority by the East Cornwall Water Board, with the following results :-

Altarnun	22 satisfactory. Chlorinated supply.
Bolventor	20 satisfactory. Raw and chlorinated supply
Bray Shop	11 satisfactory. Raw supply 3 unsatisfactory. "
Coads Green	19 satisfactory. Raw supply
Lawhitton	17 satisfactory. Chlorinated supply 6 unsatisfactory. Raw supply
Trebullett	11 satisfactory. Raw supply 11 unsatisfactory. "
Tregadillett	22 satisfactory. Chlorinated supply
Tutwell	17 satisfactory. Chlorinated supply 10 unsatisfactory. Raw supply
Warbstow	23 satisfactory. Chlorinated supply

Following the introduction of chlorination at Lawhitton and Tutwell samples taken from these supplies were satisfactory.

The Trebuletts supply appears the least satisfactory. It is felt that this should be improved by the introduction of chlorination and a better system of distribution.

15 samples were taken from private supplies of which 11 were satisfactory and 4 unsatisfactory.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL SCHEMES

The Trebuletts scheme was completed and put into operation together with the new overflow pipe to the Lawhitton scheme.

Work commenced on the South Petherwin - Daws House sewerage and sewage disposal scheme and final approval was given to the Stokeclimsland - Venterdon sewerage and sewage disposal scheme and tenders were received and accepted.

Owing to County Council objections the original scheme for Trewint was revised to provide a small treatment works for the hamlet.

The scheme for Middlewood was approved during the year and tenders accepted.

Preliminary work on the design stage of the Lewannick and Egloskerry sewerage and sewage disposal schemes proceeded.

A new effluent overflow pipe was laid from the existing filter bed at Downgate to enable several private houses to be connected into this system.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

No rodent operator is employed by the Council. The Council, at a nominal charge, supply Warfarin bait in ready-for-use packets.

During the year a minor infestation in one village was treated by a private firm employed by the Council.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

The number licensed is nine and all are in a satisfactory condition.

REFUSE COLLECTION

Collection is by contract and all villages and hamlets together with properties along the route taken by the covered lorry in travelling between one village and another receive a fortnightly collection. There is a weekly collection from litter bins placed at various places along the A.30 (Trunk Road).

During the year a third refuse disposal dump was brought into use at Dingley Quarry. The question of finding suitable places for the disposal of litter is becoming a problem and the only solution will be a form of modified controlled tipping.

HOUSING

The housing scheme for Venterdon Village was approved by the Ministry and tenders accepted. This scheme will provide housing for those people requiring to be re-housed under the Clearance Schemes at Holmbush and Venterdon.

A scheme is in the course of preparation for the provision of four family dwellings and two aged persons bungalows for the Hamlet of Trebursye; some of these will be occupied by people being re-housed under the Trebursye Clearance Scheme.

	Total number of Council houses	97
	Council houses completed in 1962	Nil
	Private enterprise houses completed in 1962	7
	Private enterprise houses completed since 1945	74
1.	Inspection of dwellings during the year :-	
	(a) No. of dwellings inspected under Public Health or Housing Acts	54
	(b) Inspections for this purpose	97
2.	Number of dwellings found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious as to be unfit for human habitation	7
3.	Dwelling houses (excluding those under preceding heading) not in all respects fit for habitation	41
4.	Remedy of defects during the year without service of Formal Notices	44
5.	Action under Statutory Power during the year:	
	(a) Proceedings under Sections 9,10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957	
	(i) Dwellings in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs:-	Nil
	(b) Proceedings under the Public Health Acts:-	
	(i) Dwellings in respect of which Notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	4
	(ii) Dwellings rendered fit by owners	4
	(iii) Dwellings rendered fit by Local Authority	Nil

6. Proceedings under Sections 16,17 and 26 of the Housing Act,1957:-
- | | |
|---|-----|
| (i) Dwellings in respect of which Closing Orders were made | Nil |
| (ii) Dwellings where undertaking not to re-let were accepted from owner | Nil |
| (iii) Parts of dwellings closed under Section 18 | Nil |
| (iv) Houses Demolished | Nil |

OVERCROWDING

One new case of overcrowding was met with during the year. One case of overcrowding was abated during the year. The known cases of overcrowding are six dwelling houses occupied by seven families consisting of 31 persons.

THE RENT ACT 1957

No applications were received for a Certificate of Disrepair. Since the coming into force of the Act, only one Certificate has been applied for which was later withdrawn upon the owner carrying out the necessary repairs.

HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959

Since the passing of the Act the Council has ceased to offer Discretionary grants and concentrated upon Standard grants.

STANDARD GRANTS

1.	Schemes submitted during 1962	27
2.	Schemes approved during 1962	27
3.	Schemes completed during 1962	26
4.	Cost of schemes completed during 1962	£7,307.11.4d.
5.	Grants paid during 1962	£3,144. 4.4d.
(a)	Total Standard grant schemes completed	61
(b)	Total cost of schemes	£16,168. 4.8d.
(c)	Total grants paid	£7,062.17.3d.
	Water Closets provided	54
	Baths provided	55
	Washbasins provided	55
	Hot water supplies provided	56
	Ventilated larders provided	21

Before the introduction of Standard grants, 52 houses were modernised by means of Improvement or Discretionary grants at an approved cost of £30,648.0.0d. the grants paid being £12,823.0.0d.

MILK

The County Council is now responsible for the registration of distributors of milk in the district.

ICE CREAM

There is one Ice Cream Factory in the district. Nineteen licences to retail Pre-Packed Ice Cream are in force.

FOOD PREMISES

There are in the district :-

Catering Establishments	13
Butcher's Shops	4
Grocer's Shops	27
Bakeries	Nil
Number of visits in connection with Food Hygiene Regulations	35
Informal Notices served	Nil

KNACKER'S YARD

There is one Knacker's Yard which is not licensed for the slaughter of horses. Conditions are satisfactory.

MEAT INSPECTION

Three slaughterhouses operate in the district, two of which slaughter for the wholesale market. There was an increase of approximately 25% in the total number of animals killed during the year. Your Meat Inspector completed his first full year of working, and the details of his inspections are recorded in Table IV.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961.

During the year two Factories with power have been added to the Register; also, three works of engineering construction have become subject to Section 7 of the Factories Act, 1961 during the period the work proceeds.

Total number of Factories with Power	24
Total number of Factories without Power	2
Outworkers	2
Engineering construction works	3

CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES

Agricultural Food stuffs	3
Motor Vehicle Repairs	7
Engineers and agricultural implements	4
Abattoirs	2
Provender	1
General Smithing	1
Concrete Block making	1
Joinery	2
Ice Cream Manufacture	1
Saw Mills	1
Poultry Appliances	2
Scrap Merchants	1
Total visits	21
Formal Notices	Nil
Informal notices	4

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961, are attached as an appendix to this report in accordance with circular 1/60 of the Ministry of Health.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

The infectious diseases which are statutorily notifiable to the Medical Officer of Health are the following :- smallpox, cholera, diphtheria, membranous croup, erysipelas, scarlet fever, typhus fever, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, relapsing fever, plague, poliomyelitis, tuberculosis, malaria, dysentery, puerperal pyrexia, ophthalmia neonatorum, acute primary pneumonia, acute influenzal pneumonia, whooping cough, measles, acute encephalitis, meningococcal infection, anthrax and food poisoning.

The monthly incidence of infectious disease is shown in Table III.

Smallpox. No case was notified during the year, in which 173 primary vaccinations and 102 re-vaccinations were carried out.

This unusually large number of vaccinations was due, for the most part, to public demand for vaccination and revaccination of adults and older children, which arose out of smallpox outbreaks in England and Wales following the importation of the disease into the country by travellers by air from Karachi, a danger of air travel which has been referred to in previous annual reports. The actual number of infant vaccinations was 53.

Diphtheria. No cases of this disease were notified during 1962. 101 children received a complete course of primary immunisation during the year, the triple antigen against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus being used in almost all instances. 59 children received booster injections.

Whooping Cough. Two cases of this disease were notified during the year.

Scarlet Fever. One case of this disease was notified during 1962.

Measles. Fourteen cases were notified during the year.

Erysipelas. Two cases of this skin infection were notified during the year.

Poliomyelitis. No case of this infection was notified during the year.

Vaccination against the disease continued, the use of oral vaccine being introduced early in the year. By the end of the year, vaccination by this method had virtually replaced vaccination by injection.

During the year, 250 persons received a course of two injections. 110 persons received a full course of vaccination by the oral vaccine. 32 persons received a booster dose of oral vaccine following two injections, and 44 persons a booster dose of oral vaccine following three injections.

Since the beginning of the scheme in 1956, 2248 persons in the Rural District had received, by the end of 1962, a primary course of vaccination against poliomyelitis.

Food Poisoning. No cases of food poisoning were notified during 1962.

Tuberculosis.

	<u>Males</u>		<u>Females</u>	
	<u>Pul.</u>	<u>Non.Pul.</u>	<u>Pul.</u>	<u>Non.Pul.</u>
Cases on Register 31.12.61	5	1	11	1
No. of cases notified during year	1	-	2	-
Cases restored	-	-	-	-
Inward Transfers	1	-	-	-
Cases Removed	1	-	-	-
<hr/>				
Total on Register 31.12.62	6	1	13	1

No action was found to be necessary under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925, in connection with persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade, or under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, which deals with the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

The Regional Hospital Board is responsible for treatment of tuberculosis patients and the County Council for the prevention of spread of the disease and aftercare of the patients.

Out-patients and contacts are seen by the Chest Physician (Dr. Mellor) at the Chest Clinic at Launceston Hospital. The County Council Tuberculosis Health Visitor attends the Clinic, follows up the patients in their homes, traces contacts and sources of infection and thus acting as a most valuable essential "Liaison Officer" between the curative and preventive services, bridges a most alarming administrative gap.

All susceptible contacts of known cases are offered B.C.G. Vaccination and most avail themselves of this method of protection.

The scheme for B.C.G. Vaccination of susceptible school-leavers was continued by the County Council during the year again with a good response.

OTHER DISEASES

Cancer of the Lung.

During 1962, out of a total of 15 deaths from all forms of cancer, two male deaths were due to cancer of the lung. This brings the total of deaths from this cause in the district from 1949 to 11 male and 2 female deaths. During the same period, there have been 81 male and 82 female deaths from all forms of cancer.

TABLE I

TUBERCULOSIS

Age and Sex distribution of cases and deaths - 1962

<u>Age Groups</u>	<u>New Cases</u>				<u>Deaths</u>			
	<u>Pul.</u>		<u>Other</u>		<u>Pul.</u>		<u>Other</u>	
	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>
0 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 -	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 -	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 -	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 and over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE II

VITAL STATISTICS

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>POPULATION (Estimated)</u>	<u>BIRTHS</u>		<u>DEATHS</u>			
		<u>Number</u>	<u>Crude Rate</u>	<u>Under 1 year</u>		<u>All ages</u>	
				<u>Number</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Rate</u>
1958	6,410	86	13.41	1	11.62	78	12.16
1959	6,430	104	16.17	3	28.84	72	11.20
1960	6,420	111	17.28	-	-	75	11.68
1961	5,990	100	16.69	3	30	78	13.02
1962	5,980	75	12.54	4	53	72	12.04

TABLE III

Monthly Incidence of Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis)

	<u>Jan.</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Mar.</u>	<u>Apr.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>	<u>Aug.</u>	<u>Sept.</u>	<u>Oct.</u>	<u>Nov.</u>	<u>Dec.</u>	<u>Total</u>
Measles	5	-	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Scarlet Fever	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Erysipelas	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
	6	1	6	-	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	19

TABLE IV

MEAT INSPECTION

Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part

	Cattle excl. cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
No. killed	1009	850	6974	51,895	9766	
No. inspected	990	813	6786	51,228	9663	
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticercosis.</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	1	21	54	140	29	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	270	323	41	3,228	813	
% of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticercosis	27.4	42.3	1.4	6.6	8.7	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	2	-	-	154	
% of the no. inspected affected with tuberculosis	0.1	0.24	-	-	1.6	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	9	1	-	-	-	
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	9	1	-	-	-	
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	

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APPENDIX

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of
the Factories Act, 1961.

Part 1 of the Act

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	2	2	Nil	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	24	15	4	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises)	3	4	Nil	-
Total	29	21	4	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	To H.M. Inspector	Referred By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (Section 1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (Section 2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation (Section 4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (Section 6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (Section 7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	6	4	-	3	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (Not including offences relating to outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6	4	-	3	-

PART VIII of the Act

Outwork

(Sections 133 and 134.)

Nature of work	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of outworkers in August list required by Section 110(I)(c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
Making Wearing Apparel	2	-	-	-	-	-

